



CONSERVE WILDLIFE  
FOUNDATION OF NEW JERSEY

**TO:** Volunteers of the *Summer Bat Count*

**FROM:** Maria Grace, Education & Outreach Manager  
MacKenzie Hall, Private Lands Biologist

**DATE:** April 1, 2009

**SUBJECT:** Summer Surveys of Bat Roosting Structures

Thank you for your interest in the *Summer Bat Count*, a partnership project between the Conserve Wildlife Foundation of New Jersey and the New Jersey Endangered and Nongame Species Program.

In New Jersey, bats are a major predator of night-flying insects, including mosquitoes. Thanks to bats, who can each consume thousands of insects each night, people can enjoy summer nights outdoors. More importantly, bats enable farmers and foresters to use fewer pesticides which save millions of dollars annually and reduce the amount of toxins in the environment. In other parts of the world, bats play key roles in pollinating flowers and dispersing seeds for important agricultural plants. It is to our benefit to have these wonderful creatures around us.

We currently know very little about the status and distribution of bats in New Jersey. The Conserve Wildlife Foundation of New Jersey is encouraging the general public to identify and survey bat roosting locations to promote bat conservation throughout the state. The data generated by the *Summer Bat Count* will help the Conserve Wildlife Foundation of New Jersey and the NJ Endangered and Nongame Species Program to create distribution maps for some of the state's nine species of bats, determine roosting and feeding habitats, and monitor bat populations over an extended period of time.

During the past few years, biologists in the northeast have discovered a mysterious affliction that is affecting bats in many of the New England and the Mid-Atlantic states, including New Jersey. The affliction has been named "white nose syndrome" (WNS) due to the white fungus observed around the nose of some of the affected bats. WNS has been observed in New Jersey's three largest hibernacula. Currently, very little is known about WNS and its cause. The states, federal government, several universities and private organizations are allocating significant resources to track and discover the cause of WNS. Summer roost sites identified during the 2009 *Summer Bat Count* may provide biologists with information needed to monitor summer roost sites for the possible presence of WNS in NJ. There is no evidence to suggest that WNS has any affect on humans. For more information on WNS please visit: [www.fws.gov/northeast/white\\_nose.html](http://www.fws.gov/northeast/white_nose.html) If volunteers observe dead or dying bats in their area DO NOT handle the bats, but please contact

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the Division of Fish and Wildlife's Endangered and Nongame Species Program immediately by calling Mick Valent at (908) 638-4127.

This packet includes everything you need to participate in the 2009 *Summer Bat Count*. If you know of a building, bridge, bat box, tree, or other structure that bats roost in during the summer, then all you have to do is visit it twice during the summer and count the bats as they exit at dusk to feed. If you don't know of an existing roost but are still interested in participating, identify some old buildings, barns, or churches in your community and visit them at dusk and observe all sides of the building (more than 1 person is necessary to view all sides at the same time) for bats exiting. If you find bats leaving the structure, then you have discovered a new bat roost!

The *Summer Bat Count* can be an exciting, educational, and fun wildlife viewing activity. **Come and join the bat counters!**

**If you have any questions, please do not hesitate to contact  
Maria Grace at (609) 984-0621 or MacKenzie Hall at (908) 782-4614 x. 104.**

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